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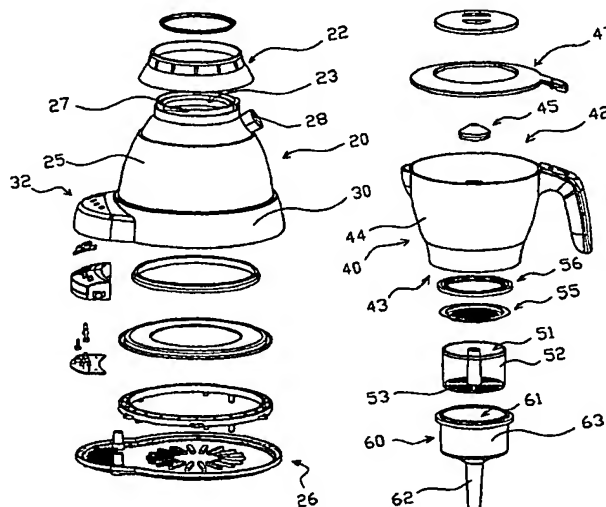
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(54) Title: **BEVERAGE MAKING APPARATUS**



(57) Abstract: An beverage making apparatus making including a fluid compartment (20), a beverage compartment (40), beverage processing means (51), heating means (30) and heating power control means (32), said beverage processing means (51) interconnecting said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment so that said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment being communicable via said beverage processing means, said heating means being adapted for heating said fluid compartment so that steam generated in said fluid compartment will force fluid to move from said fluid compartment to said beverage compartment via said beverage processing means, wherein the heating power of said heating means being user controllable.



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BEVERAGE MAKING APPARATUS

FIELD OF INVENTION

The present invention relates to beverage making means, devices and
5 apparatus. More particularly, this invention relates to apparatus for making
beverages from generally insoluble beverage brewing substances.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Beverage making apparatus with arrangements to draw favour from
beverage making substances, such as, ground coffee beans, tea leaves, herbal
10 leaves or the like, while leaving the insoluble residue behind are well known.

The percolated coffee maker is a common example of such brewing
apparatus. In a percolated coffee maker, boiling water is supplied to a filter
charged with ground coffee bean. The boiling water dissolves the soluble
flavouring substances of the coffee bean during its transit through the filter. The
15 beverage slowly gets through the filter by gravity and is then collected by a
beverage container underneath the filter. The brewing process in this type of
beverage maker is slow and generally uncontrollable by the user once the brewing
substances and the filter have been selected.

The Mocha-type coffee maker is another common known example of
20 beverage makers in which boiling water is forced through a perforated brewing
compartment and carrying with it the flavour drawn from the beverage making
substances. Although this type of active brewing is faster, the brewing process is

substantially uncontrollable by the user. Therefore, conventional beverage brewing apparatus are not suitable for applications in which good control of the brewing process is essential, desirable or preferable.

Hence, it will be desirable if there can be provided beverage making
5 apparatus in which the brewing processes can be controlled or substantially controllable by a user. It is further desirable if such beverage making apparatus are simple to use and non-expensive.

OBJECT OF THE INVENTION

Therefore, it is an object of the present invention to provide beverage
10 making apparatus with substantially user controllable brewing processes. At a minimum, it is an object of the present invention to provide the public with a useful choice of beverage brewing apparatus.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to the present invention, there is provided a beverage making
15 apparatus including a fluid compartment, a beverage compartment, beverage processing means, heating means and user controllable heating power control means, said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment being communicable via said beverage processing means, said heating means being adapted for heating fluid inside said fluid compartment so that, when in use, steam
20 generated in said fluid compartment will force fluid to move from said fluid compartment to said beverage compartment via said beverage processing means, characterised in that, the flavour of beverages made by said apparatus being controllable by varying the rate of steam production in said fluid compartment

through varying the heating power output of said heating means via said user controllable heating power control means on said apparatus.

According to a preferred embodiment, there is provide an apparatus for making beverages including:-

- 5 • a main container including a top portion, a bottom portion and a peripheral wall interconnecting said top and bottom portions;
- a beverage processing module including a receptacle for receiving beverage making substances, partitioning means separating said main container into a fluid compartment and a beverage compartment, a first
10 fluid guiding means for guiding fluid to move from said first fluid movement to said receptacle, a second fluid guiding means for guiding fluid to move from said receptacle to said beverage compartment, said fluid compartment being defined between said partitioning means and said bottom portion of said main container, said beverage compartment
15 being defined between said partitioning means and said top portion of said main container, said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment being generally not communicable except through said receptacle, and said partitioning means being slidably movable inside said main container and along said peripheral wall, and
- 20 • Electrical heating means for heating said fluid compartment.

Preferably, said apparatus including a base on which said fluid compartment is supported, said electrical heating means being a variable power output electrical heating means, wherein the rate of steam production in said fluid

compartment being controllable by varying the power output of said heating means.

Preferably, when in use, said fluid compartment being heated by said heating means in said supporting base to generate steam for moving fluid from
5 said fluid compartment to said beverage compartment.

Preferably, said beverage making apparatus including a control panel supported on said base, said control panel including a power output controlling and indicating means.

Preferably, said heating means including electrical heating elements
10 disposed underneath said fluid compartment, the heating power output and the consequential rate of steam generation being variable by said control means, said control means and said heating means being disposed on a housing which is detachably connectable with either said fluid compartment or said beverage compartment.

15 Preferably, said beverage compartment being detachably connectible to said fluid compartment so that, when in use, said beverage processing means being sandwiched between said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment.

Preferably, the junctions between said beverage processing means and
20 said fluid compartment being substantially air-tight.

Preferably, said beverage processing means including an overflow means through which fluid from said fluid compartment enters said beverage compartment through.

Preferably, said overflow means including a fluid discharge outlet which is elevated above the bottom portion of said beverage compartment.

Preferably, said apparatus including a container having a top portion, a bottom portion, and a peripheral wall interconnecting said top and bottom portions, said beverage processing means being a modular sub-assembly which is slidably movable along said peripheral wall, said beverage processing means including sealing means for partitioning said container into said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment, said beverage compartment being proximal to said top portion of said container.

10 Preferably, said apparatus further including means for restricting movements of said beverage processing means within said container.

Preferably, said modular beverage processing means including a hollow compartment intermediate of said top and bottom portions of said container for receiving beverage making substances, said modular beverage processing means further including partitioning means for separating said container into said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment, said partitioning means including a fluid blocking member extending between said hollow compartment and said peripheral wall of said container, said beverage compartment being defined between said fluid blocking member and said top portion of said container, said fluid compartment being defined between said blocking member and said bottom portion of said container.

Preferably, a sealing member is disposed between the outer end of said blocking member and the inside of said peripheral wall of said container.

Preferably, said sealing member including an O-ring.

Preferably, said beverage processing means being restrained within said container by a lid which covers the top portion of said container.

Preferably, said first fluid guiding means including a tubular member extending from said receptacle towards said bottom portion of said main container,
5 said tubular member including at least a fluid inlet aperture, said second fluid guiding means including a tubular member extending from said receptacle towards said top portion of said main container, said tubular member including a fluid outlet aperture disposed at level elevated above said receptacle.

Preferably, said receptacle including means for retaining said beverage
10 making substances within said receptacle.

Preferably, said means for retaining said beverage making substances including means for blocking solid granules such as a grille, a screen, a fitter, a mesh or the like.

Preferably, said apparatus including a base on which the bottom portion of
15 said main container is supported and inside which electric heating means is installed.

Preferably, said apparatus including power controlling means for varying the heating power generated by said heating means.

Preferably, said apparatus being made of microwave compatible material
20 so that the fluid in said container can be heated by a microwave oven.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Preferred embodiments of beverage brewing or making apparatus of the present invention will be explained in further detail below by way of examples and with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:-

Fig. 1 shows an exploded view of a first preferred embodiment of the present invention of a beverage brewing apparatus,

Fig. 2A and 2B respectively show front and side views of the beverage maker of Fig. 1 in assembled form,

Fig. 3 shows a cross-sectional view of the beverage maker of Fig. 2, the section being taken longitudinally through the middle of Fig. 2 when viewed from the right side,

Fig. 4 is a side view of a second embodiment of a beverage maker of the present invention,

Fig. 5 is a longitudinally cross-sectional view of the beverage maker of Fig. 4, the section being taken through the middle of the beverage maker and intersecting with the spout and handle portion,

Fig. 6 is an exploded view of the beverage maker of Fig. 4,

Fig. 7 shows various views of the sub-assembly, including the top view, a side view, the front view and the longitudinal cross-sectional view of the beverage processing means taken along the same section as Fig. 5,

Fig. 8 shows a perspective view of a preferred example of the beverage processing sub-assembly of the present invention, and,

Fig. 9 is an exposed view showing a combination of the sub-assembly of Fig. 8 with a main container similar to that of a conventional press type beverage maker.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

5 Referring to Figs. 1 to 3, there is shown a first preferred embodiment of a beverage making apparatus ("beverage maker" for succinctness) of the present invention.

The beverage maker **10** includes a first fluid vessel **20**, a heating compartment **30** and a beverage container **40**. The first fluid vessel **20** includes a
10 fluid compartment **21** for receiving water or other appropriate fluid for making beverages. The fluid compartment **21** includes a top portion **22** with an aperture **23**, a bottom portion **24** and a peripheral wall **25** which interconnects the top and the bottom portions. The peripheral wall **25** defines the space of the fluid compartment **21**. The beverage maker **10** is supported on an insulated base **26**.

15 The fluid compartment **21** can be formed from metal, glass or hard plastics. To ensure good thermal conductivity between the heating elements in the base the fluid compartment **21**, the bottom portion **24** of the fluid compartment **21** is made of metal or other thermally conductive material. Of course, the fluid compartment **21** including its bottom portion **24** can be made of glass or other
20 heat resistant and transparent materials for better eye appeal. Naturally, the first fluid vessel **20** can be made from a combination of metal and non-metal.

The top portion **22** of the fluid compartment **21** includes a radially or transversally extending shoulder portion **27** with an aperture **23** surrounded by the shoulder portion **27**. The inside edge of the aperture is provided with screw

threads for threaded engagement with a corresponding flange or threads on the outer edge of the beverage processing means to be explained below.

Fastening means, such as stud-and-slot arrangements, are provided on the top or upper most edge of the first fluid vessel **20** for detachable engagement
5 with the corresponding beverage container **40**. The fluid compartment **21** is mounted on the heating compartment **30** inside which electrical heating elements **31** for heating the fluid inside the fluid compartment **21** are installed. The heating elements **31** are elevated above the bottom of the supporting base **26** to avoid overheating of the supporting surface.

10 A control panel **32** with a layout of control means for user control of the brewing operation is provided on the front of the beverage maker **10**. The control means includes heating power control means **34** which are provided for controlling and varying the thermal power generated by the electrical heating means **31** for enhanced controllability of the brewing process. By select an appropriate brewing
15 power level or brewing power sequence, a user can control or activate the preferred brewing process.

The heating power control means include "on/off" **33**, "up" **34a**, "down" **34b**, and three power level selection buttons **35a-c** corresponding to "Hi", "Lo" or "Medium" heating power levels are provided. For example, a person preferring
20 beverages with a strong flavour may choose a slow brewing process by selecting "Lo" power while persons preferring a weaker copy may choose the fast brewing process by selecting the "Hi" power option. The "up" **34a** and "down" **34b** buttons provide means to fine tune to or gradually vary the heating power from the selected power level. Of course, analogue power control means such as a power

varying dial or a control knob with multiple power level selection or graduation can be provided to vary the heating power.

The heating element 31 can be, for example, a heater assembly comprising a group of independently controllable coil heaters which are mounted proximal to the bottom portion of the fluid compartment 21 for optimal heat transfer. In the present embodiment, the heating compartment 30 is fastened to the first fluid vessel 20. Of course, the heating compartment 30 and the first fluid vessel 20 can also be detachable from each other for easy cleaning or maintenance.

The beverage container 40 includes a beverage compartment 41 with a top portion 42, a bottom portion 43 and a peripheral wall 44 interconnecting the top and bottom portions. The bottom portion 43 includes an aperture 45 which is surrounded by an overflow means 46. This overflow means 46 includes an elevated overflow outlet 46a and an upwardly extending tubular member 46b which surrounds the aperture 45. The tubular member 46b (or the second fluid guiding means) provides a guide for the flow of beverage from the beverage processing means below to the beverage container 40 in a manner to be explained below. The overflow means with the elevated overflow outlet ensures that the beverage inside the beverage container 40 will not flow back to the fluid compartment during normal use.

A hinged lid 47 is also provided to cover the beverage compartment 41 to avoid splashing of the beverage from the beverage container during brewing. A spout 48 is provided on the upper part of the peripheral wall 44 so that the beverage can be dispensed smoothly. The peripheral wall 44 of the beverage container can be made of metal, glass, plastic or other heat resistant materials,

although a transparent heat resistant material may be more aesthetically pleasing and can indicate the level and the conditions of the beverage already brewed. Similarly, the bottom portion of the beverage container 40 can be made of metal or other heat resistant hard plastics.

5 In this example, the overflow means 46 is integrally formed with the bottom portion of the beverage container. Of course, the overflow means can also be detachable from the beverage container, for example, by snap- or -screw fitting. Of course, sealing means can be used to improve fluid tightness. A handle is also formed on the beverage container 40 so that it can be easily removed for
10 beverage dispensing.

 The beverage processing means includes a brewing compartment 51 for receiving beverage making substances such as ground coffee beans, tea leaves, herbal leaves, insoluble granules with flavour and other similar substances. This brewing compartment 51 includes a cylindrical wall 52 with a fluid inlet and a fluid
15 or beverage outlet. To retain the brewing substances inside the compartment, a perforated filtering means 53 is provided at the fluid inlet to prevent insoluble substances from entering the fluid compartment 21 through the first fluid guiding means 60. This perforated filter 53 can, for example, be a meshed element, a perforated plate, a grille or a wire screen or other appropriate filtering means or
20 elements which allow passage of fluid but prevents through passage of particles or granules exceeding a certain average size. A locking or support member 54 is provided to fasten the filter means in position.

 To prevent brewing substances from entering the beverage container 40, a particle blocking means 55 is installed adjacent to or immediately before the fluid
25 outlet of the beverage substances receiving compartment 51. This particle

blocking means 55 can be similar to the filter 53 at the fluid inlet and performs similar functions. The particle blocking member 55 is retained in the space between the beverage container 40 and the first fluid vessel 20 when they are fastened together. A sealing member 56 is provided between the particle blocking
5 member 55 and the first fluid container 20 for appropriate sealing between the beverage processing means and the beverage container. The beverage substances receiving compartment 51 is received inside a first fluid guiding means 60. The first fluid guiding means includes a funnel-shaped member having a compartment 61 shaped for receiving the cylindrical member 52 of the beverage
10 substances receiving compartment 51. The compartment 51 is surrounded and enclosed by a peripheral wall 63. The bottom of the compartment 61 is connected to a tubular portion 62 which has a generally smaller dimension than the bottom of the compartment 61 and extends towards the bottom portion 24 of the fluid compartment 21. This funnel-shaped member 60 is provided with an external
15 flange for screw fitting with the screw threads provided on the inside of the aperture 23 formed on the top portion 22 of the fluid compartment 21 for secure arrangement.

Turning now to the operation of the beverage maker of Figs. 1, 2 and 3. After beverage brewing substances, such as ground coffee beans, tea leaves,
20 herbal leaves or the like, have been placed inside the brewing substances receiving compartment 52, the assembled beverage processing means is then secured to the water filled fluid compartment 21 which is then heated by the electrical heating means. Since water is filled to above the lower inlet of the tubular portion 62, the steam generated by the electric heating means cannot
25 escape.

When the fluid compartments 21 has been sufficiently heated, the steam vapour pressure inside the fluid compartment 21 will force the hot water to move into the brewing substances receiving compartment 51 via its lower inlet and to interact with the beverage making substances inside the beverage receiving compartment 51. This interaction between the upwardly moving water and the beverage brewing substances allows the water or other appropriate fluid to draw flavour from the beverage brewing substances and produces a flavoured beverage. Continuous heating of the fluid compartment will cause the flavoured beverage to move further upwards towards the tubular member 46a of the second fluid guiding means 45. The flavoured or brewed beverage will then move on to the beverage compartment 41 through the elevated aperture of the overflow means 46. The elevated overflow aperture prevents reverse flow of the beverage back to the fluid compartment 21. A safety valve 28 is provided on the fluid compartment to release excessive steam pressure during operation.

As the vapour pressure inside the fluid compartment is generally dependent on the rate of steam production inside that compartment, a user can by varying the heating power control the speed of passage of the water through the beverage brewing substances receiving compartment to control the transit time. Consequently, a user can control the brewing process to produce beverages according to his preference. As the heating power of this brewing apparatus is controllable and the variation is generally repeatable according to the power knobs or graduation provided for power indication, user can repeat the brewing process with reasonable certainty and ease without having too much concern about the variation or fluctuation of the heating power.

Referring to Figs. 4 to 9, there is shown a second preferred embodiment of a beverage making apparatus **100** comprising a main container and a modular beverage processing means. The main container includes a top portion **110**, a bottom portion **120** and a substantially cylindrical peripheral wall **130**. The peripheral wall is made of a heat resistant and transparent material, such as glass, so that a user can monitor the brewing process and react when necessary. Of course, the main container can also be made of metal or heat resistant plastics.

The main container is supported on a base support **140** which includes a base compartment **141** inside which electrical heating elements **142**, power control means and other useful means are placed. A light-emitting indicator **143** is provided on the base support **140** for indicating the operating states of the brewing apparatus **100**. Of course, other additional displays such as time, temperature and power level can be provided in addition. A hinged lid **150** and a handle **151** are formed on the main container.

In this preferred embodiment, the beverage container and the beverage processing means are formed as a module **200**. The beverage container **160** includes a cylindrical housing **161** with a circumferential sealing member **162** so that it can be closely fitted within the housing **130** of the main container. The circumferential sealing member **162** includes a sealing projection, such as an O-ring, which partitions the housing **130** into a lower part and an upper part such that steam inside the lower part enter the upper part through the circumferential sealing member **162**.

The beverage container **160** also includes an overflow means **170** (or second fluid guiding means) and retention means **180**. The overflow means is similar to that described in the first preferred embodiment above and protrudes

from the bottom portion **163**. The retention means **180** includes a handle or hook which protrudes from the top edge of the main container. This retention means is adapted so that the beverage container is kept in place during brewing. In this example, the hook member **180** is retained in position with respect to the main
5 container by a latch when the hinged lid is closed.

Referring to Figs. 5 to 7, the beverage container **160** includes a funnel-shaped member **190** having a substantially cylindrical housing **191**, a shouldered portion **192** and a narrower stem member **193**. The funnel member **190** is attached to the bottom portion **163** of the beverage container **160** by, for example,
10 screw threads. This narrower stem member **193** is equivalent or corresponds to the second fluid guiding means of the first preferred embodiment.

A compartment for receiving the beverage brewing substances is formed by the circumferential wall of the cylindrical housing **191**. Likewise, filtering and blocking means are respectively provided at the fluid inlet and outlet of the
15 brewing substances receiving compartment. To enhance safety, a pressure releasing valve **195** is also provided at the bottom portion of the beverage container.

In use, after beverage making substances have been placed inside the beverage substances receiving compartment (defined by the circumferential wall
20 **191**) with the filter and blocking member put in place, the module is secured to the underside **163** of the beverage container **160**. The module or sub-assembly, comprising the beverage container and beverage processing means, is then inserted into the main housing which has already been filled with water or other appropriate fluid.

Because of the close fitting between the sealing members 160 and the main container, when the fluid inside the lower portion 210 of the main container is heated, vapour pressure built up inside the fluid compartment 210 will force water to move up the funnel-shaped member 190 and then to the beverage container 160. During transit of the hot water through the beverage processing means, the water will draw flavour from the beverage making substances before entering the beverage container. Similarly, by varying the electrical heating power supplied to the electrical heating elements, the beverage making process can be better controlled and adjusted according to personal preferences.

It will be noted that the beverage container, the beverage processing means, the beverage processing means, the overflow means and the fluid guiding means are formed as a sub-assembly 200 and can be inserted into or removed from the main container as a single unit, thereby providing additional flexibility and convenience to users. Because of this modular design, a conventional French Press device can be easily converted into a device of the present invention and vice versa. Hence, and in another perspective, a common housing can be shared between a water boiler, a French Press and a beverage making apparatus of the present invention. Accordingly, consumers can mix and match the brewing modules with the main containers according to their preference and as and when desired.

While this module includes the beverage container, it will be appreciated that a similar module comprising the beverage processing means, the sealing means (or partitioning means), the overflow means, the fluid guiding means but without the beverage container can be made. With this arrangement, the upper portion of the main housing will become the beverage container and beverages

can be dispensed from the beverage compartment above the sealing or partitioning member.

In a further embodiment of the present invention, the beverage making apparatus as shown in Figs. 4 to 7 can be modified for compatibility with a
5 microwave oven. In this case, the heating elements are no longer necessary and the apparatus can be made of a microwave permeable or compatible material. More specifically, the beverage processing sub-assembly can be made of a microwave compatible material so that it can be used with the main container of a French Press for microwave oven brewing of beverages.

10 While the present invention has been explained by reference to the preferred embodiments described above, it will be appreciated that the embodiments are only examples provided to illustrate the present invention and are not meant to be restrictive on the scope and spirit of the present invention. This invention should be determined from the general principles and spirit of the
15 invention as described above. In particular, variations or modifications which are obvious or trivial to persons skilled in the art, as well as improvements made on the basis of the present invention, should be considered as falling within the scope and boundary of the present invention. Furthermore, while the present invention has been explained by reference to certain type of beverage, it should be
20 appreciated that the invention can apply, whether with or without modification, to other beverages or beverage brewing substances application.

CLAIMS

1. A beverage making apparatus including a fluid compartment, a beverage
compartment, beverage processing means, heating means and user
controllable heating power control means, said fluid compartment and said
5 beverage compartment being communicable via said beverage processing
means, said heating means being adapted for heating fluid inside said fluid
compartment so that, when in use, steam generated in said fluid
compartment will force fluid to move from said fluid compartment to said
beverage compartment via said beverage processing means, characterised
10 in that, the flavour of beverages made by said apparatus being controllable
by varying the rate of steam production in said fluid compartment through
varying the heating power output of said heating means via said user
controllable heating power control means on said apparatus.
2. A beverage making apparatus according to claim 1 and including a base on
15 which said fluid compartment is supported, said electrical heating means
being a variable power output electrical heating means, wherein the rate of
steam production in said fluid compartment being controllable by varying the
power output of said heating means.
3. A beverage making apparatus according to claim 2, wherein, when in use,
20 said fluid compartment being heated by said heating means in said
supporting base to generate steam for moving fluid from said fluid
compartment to said beverage compartment.

4. A beverage making apparatus according to claim 2, wherein said beverage making apparatus including a control panel supported on said base, said control panel including a power output controlling and indicating means.
5. An apparatus of claim 1, wherein said heating means including electrical heating elements disposed underneath said fluid compartment, the heating power output and the consequential rate of steam generation being variable by said control means, said control means and said heating means being disposed on a housing which is detachably connectable with either said fluid compartment or said beverage compartment.
- 10 6. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said beverage compartment being detachably connectable to said fluid compartment so that, when in use, said beverage processing means being sandwiched between said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment.
- 15 7. An apparatus according to claim 6, wherein the junctions between said beverage processing means and said fluid compartment being substantially air-tight.
8. An apparatus according to claim 6, wherein said beverage processing means including an overflow means through which fluid from said fluid compartment enters said beverage compartment through.
- 20 9. An apparatus according to claim 6, wherein said overflow means including a fluid discharge outlet which is elevated above the bottom portion of said beverage compartment.

10. An apparatus according to claim 1 and including a container having a top portion, a bottom portion, and a peripheral wall interconnecting said top and bottom portions, said beverage processing means being a modular sub-assembly which is slidably movable along said peripheral wall, said
5 beverage processing means including sealing means for partitioning said container into said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment, said beverage compartment being proximal to said top portion of said container.
11. An apparatus according to claim 10, wherein said apparatus further including means for restricting movements of said beverage processing
10 means within said container.
12. An apparatus according to claim 10 wherein said modular beverage processing means including a hollow compartment intermediate of said top and bottom portions of said container for receiving beverage making substances, said modular beverage processing means further including
15 partitioning means for separating said container into said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment, said partitioning means including a fluid blocking member extending between said hollow compartment and said peripheral wall of said container, said beverage compartment being defined between said fluid blocking member and said top portion of said container,
20 said fluid compartment being defined between said blocking member and said bottom portion of said container.
13. An apparatus according to claim 12, wherein a sealing member is disposed between the outer end of said blocking member and the inside of said peripheral wall of said container.

14. An apparatus according to claim 13, wherein said sealing member including an O-ring.
15. An apparatus according to claim 13, wherein said beverage processing means being restrained within said container by a lid which covers the top portion of said container.
- 5
16. An apparatus for making beverages including:-
- a main container including a top portion, a bottom portion and a peripheral wall interconnecting said top and bottom portions;
 - a beverage processing module including a receptacle for receiving beverage making substances, partitioning means separating said main container into a fluid compartment and a beverage compartment, a first fluid guiding means for guiding fluid to move from said first fluid movement to said receptacle, a second fluid guiding means for guiding fluid to move from said receptacle to said beverage compartment, said fluid compartment being defined between said partitioning means and said bottom portion of said main container, said beverage compartment being defined between said partitioning means and said top portion of said main container, said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment being generally not communicable except through said receptacle, and said partitioning means being slidably movable inside said main container and along said peripheral wall, and
 - Electrical heating means for heating said fluid compartment.
- 10
- 15
- 20

17. An apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said first fluid guiding means including a tubular member extending from said receptacle towards said bottom portion of said main container, said tubular member including at least a fluid inlet aperture, said second fluid guiding means including a tubular member extending from said receptacle towards said top portion of said main container, said tubular member including a fluid outlet aperture disposed at level elevated above said receptacle.
18. An apparatus according to claim 17, wherein said receptacle including means for retaining said beverage making substances within said receptacle.
19. An apparatus according to claim 18, wherein said means for retaining said beverage making substances including means for blocking solid granules such as a grille, a screen, a fitter, a mesh or the like.
20. An apparatus according to claims 16, further including a base on which the bottom portion of said main container is supported and inside which electric heating means is installed.
21. An apparatus according to claim 16, further including power controlling means for varying the heating power generated by said heating means.
22. An apparatus according to claims 16, wherein said apparatus being made of microwave compatible material so that the fluid in said container can be heated by a microwave oven.

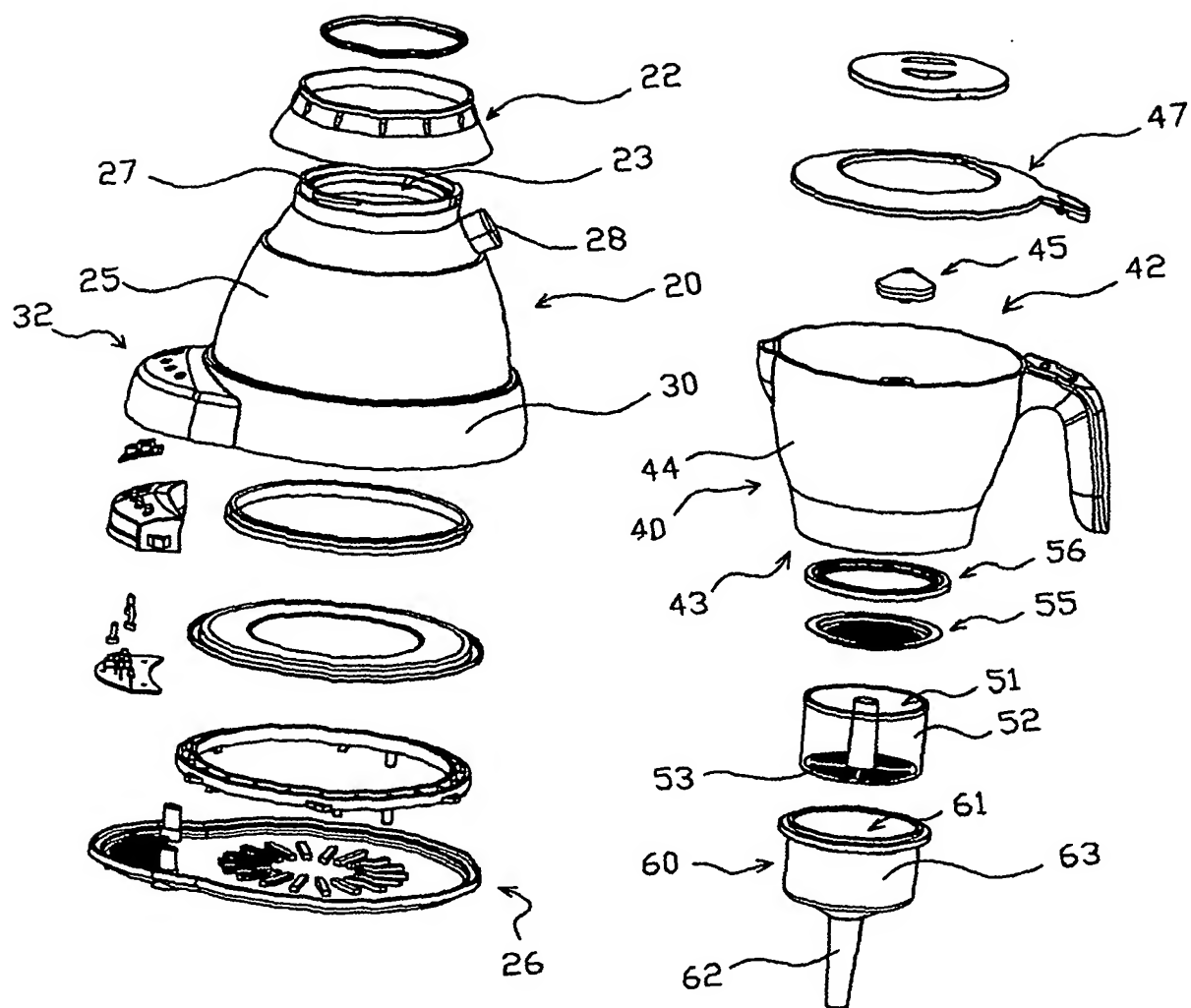


Fig. 1

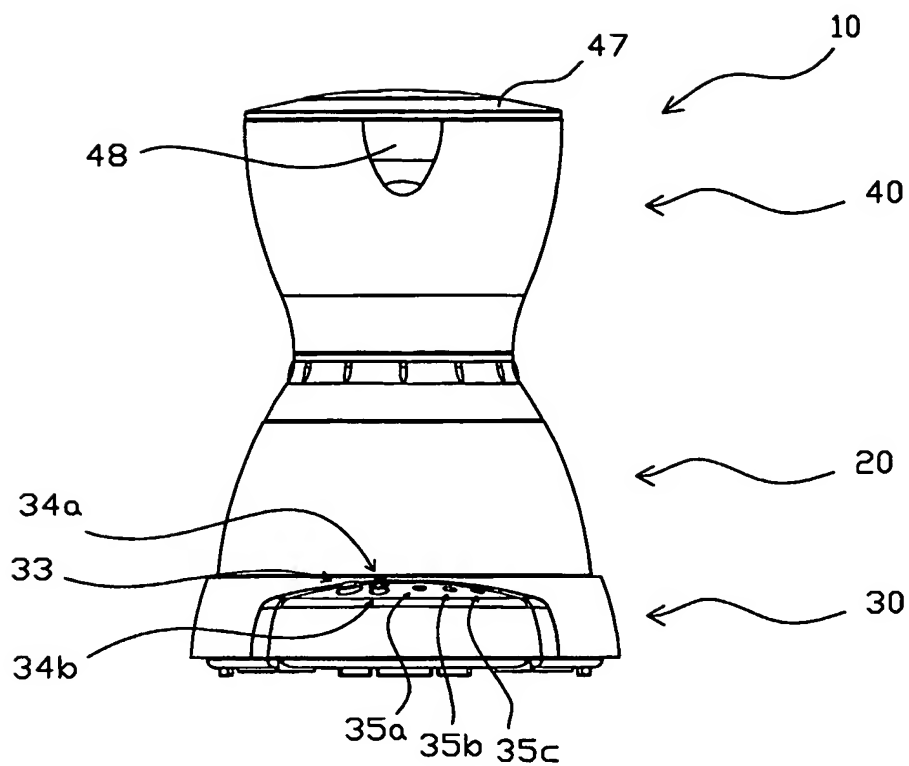


Fig. 2A

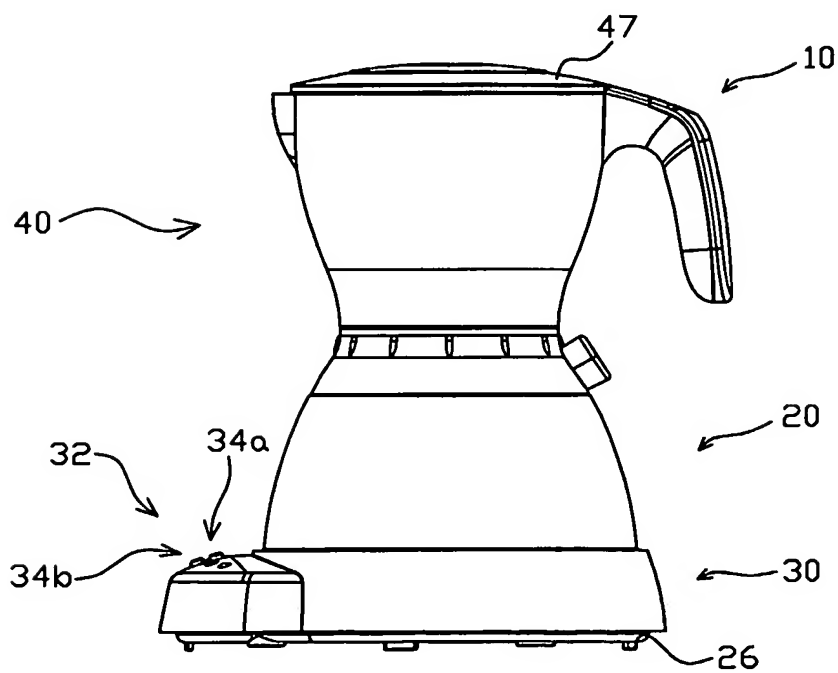


Fig. 2B

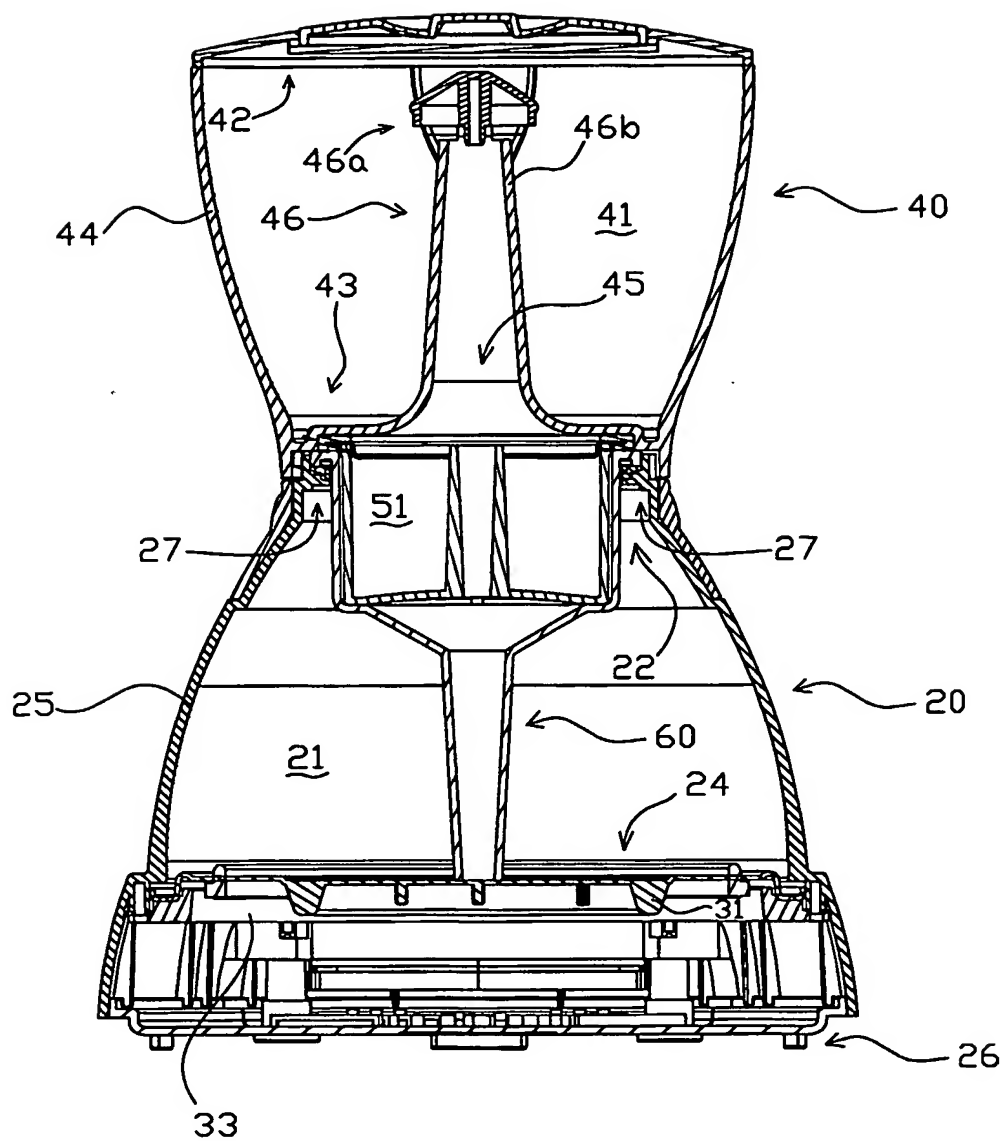
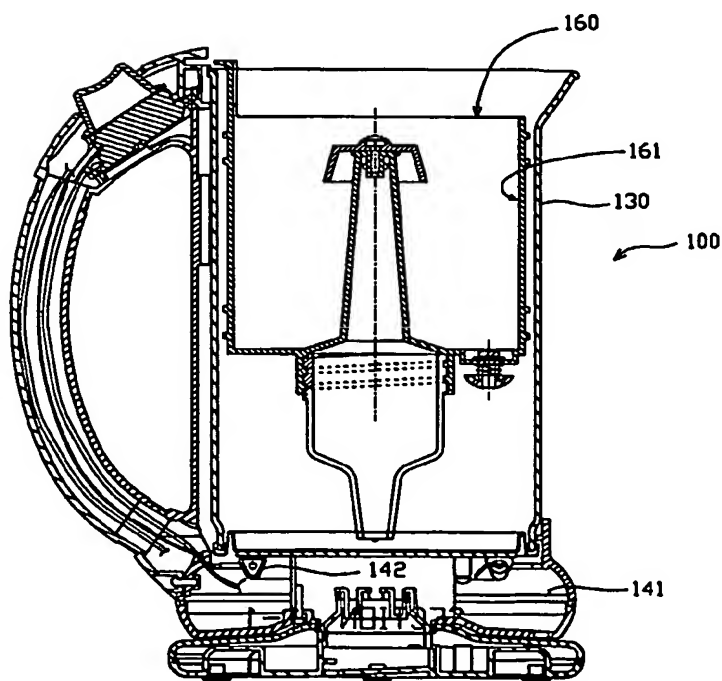
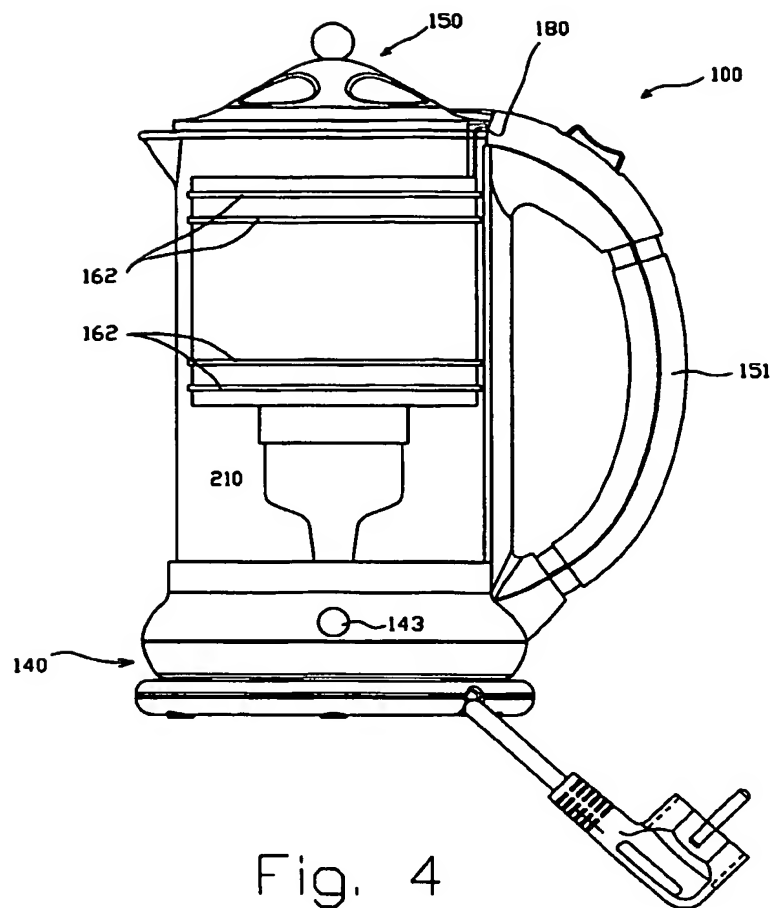


Fig. 3



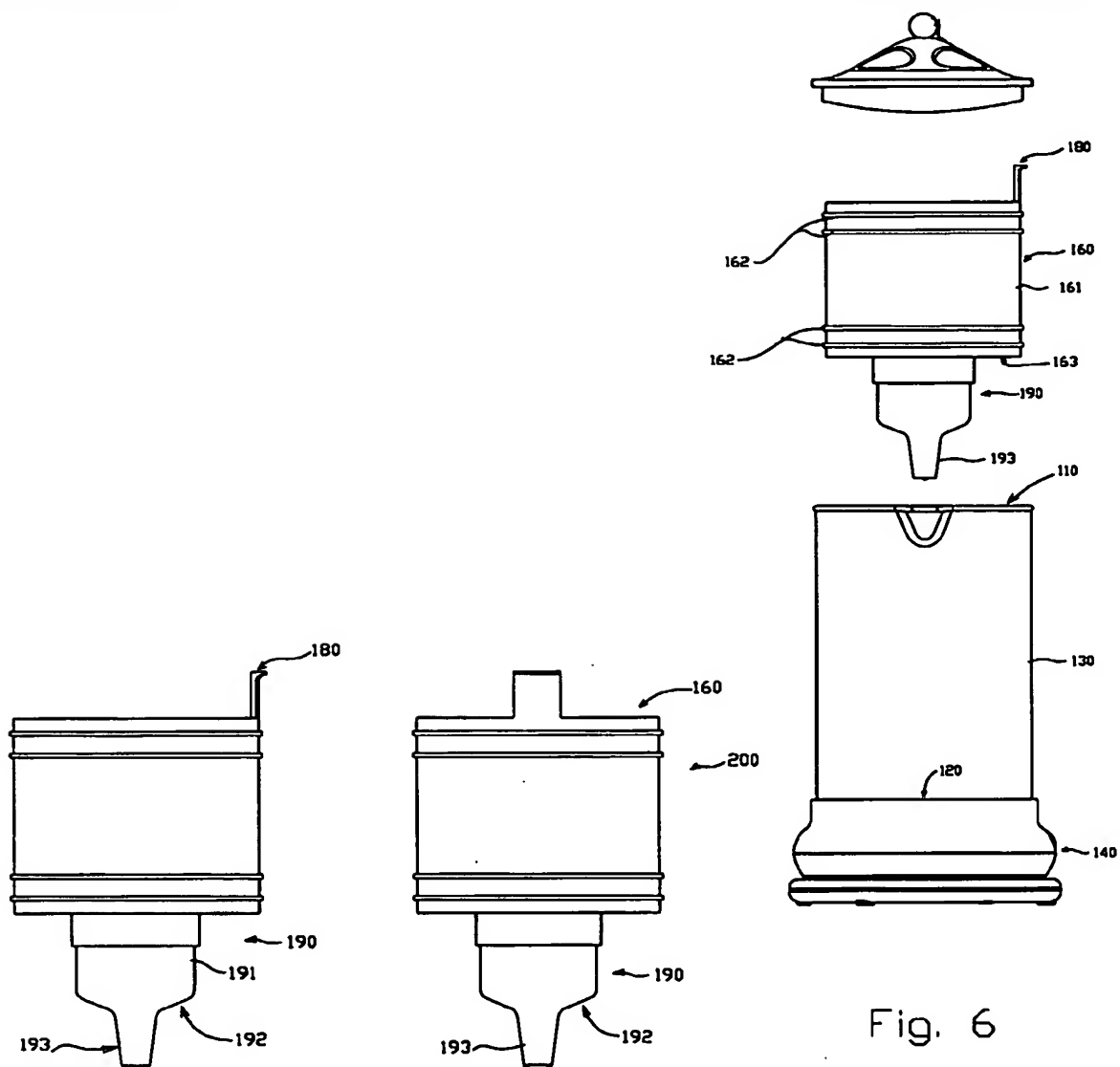
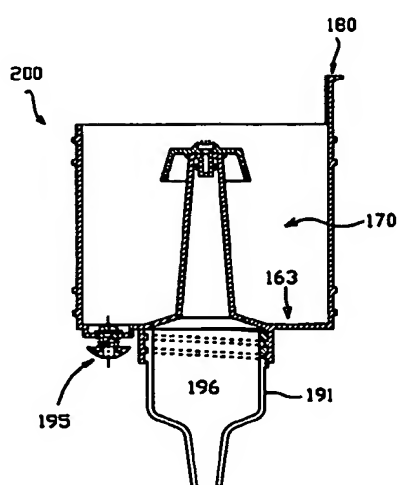


Fig. 6



SECTION 1-1

Fig. 7

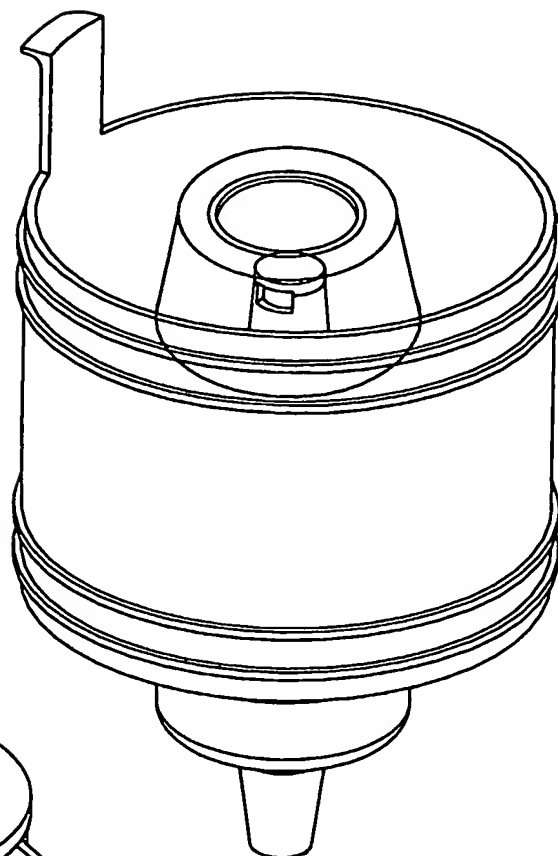


Fig. 8

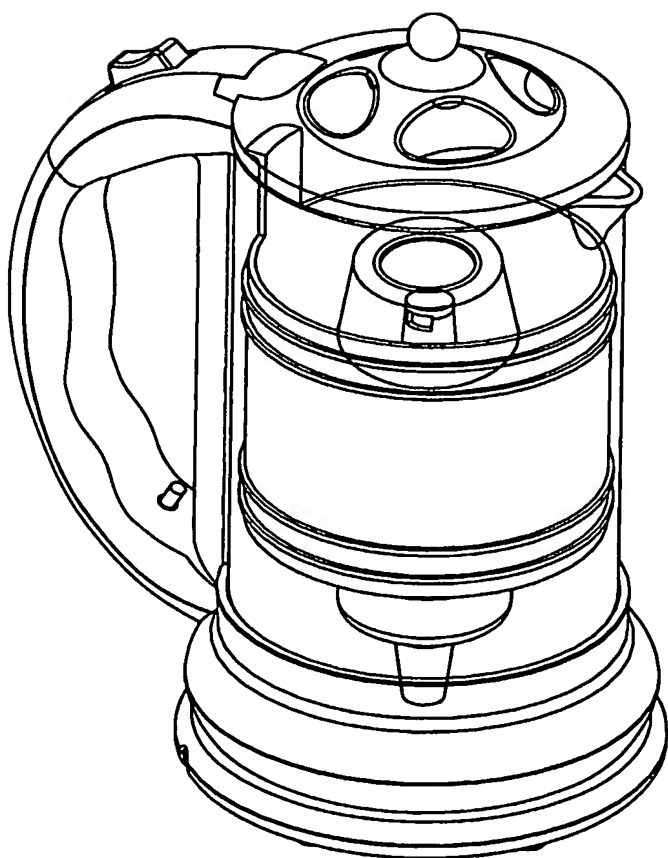


Fig. 9

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International Application No
PCT/IB 03/02443

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 A47J31/30

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 A47J

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, PAJ, WPI Data

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	DE 199 14 651 A (VOLZ ABC ELEKTROGERAETE) 12 October 2000 (2000-10-12) column 1, line 3 -column 2, line 16; figure 1	1-10
Y	---	11-23
Y	BE 635 160 A (BLAS ARTIGA) 18 November 1963 (1963-11-18) page 3, line 23 -page 7, line 20; figures 1,4,9-12	11-23
A	US 6 026 733 A (FARHADIEH ROU ET AL) 22 February 2000 (2000-02-22) column 1, line 16 - line 19; figure 1	23

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

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- *&* document member of the same patent family

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DE 19914651	A	12-10-2000	DE 19914651 A1	12-10-2000
BE 635160	A		NONE	
US 6026733	A	22-02-2000	US 5747782 A	05-05-1998
			AU 6414194 A	24-10-1994
			WO 9423550 A1	13-10-1994

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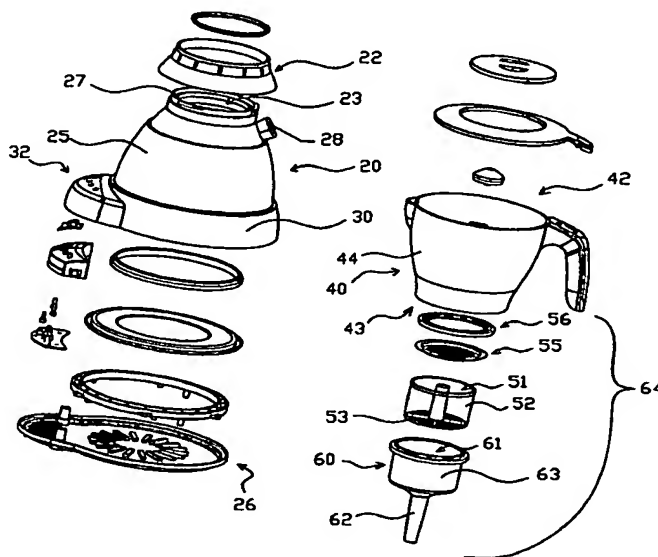
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CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,
MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE,
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Declaration under Rule 4.17:
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[Continued on next page]

- (54) Title: BEVERAGE MAKING APPARATUS**



- (S7) Abstract:** An beverage making apparatus making including a fluid compartment (20), a beverage compartment (40), beverage processing means (51), heating means (30) and heating power control means (32), said beverage processing means (51) interconnecting said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment so that said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment being communicable via said beverage processing means, said heating means being adapted for heating said fluid compartment so that steam generated in said fluid compartment will force fluid to move from said fluid compartment to said beverage compartment via said beverage processing means, wherein the heating power of said heating means being user controllable.



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see PCT Gazette No. 09/2004 of 26 February 2004, Section II

BEVERAGE MAKING APPARATUS

FIELD OF INVENTION

The present invention relates to beverage making means, devices and
5 apparatus. More particularly, this invention relates to apparatus for making
beverages from generally insoluble beverage brewing substances.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Beverage making apparatus with arrangements to draw favour from
beverage making substances, such as, ground coffee beans, tea leaves, herbal
10 leaves or the like, while leaving the insoluble residue behind are well known.

The percolated coffee maker is a common example of such brewing
apparatus. In a percolated coffee maker, boiling water is supplied to a filter
charged with ground coffee bean. The boiling water dissolves the soluble
flavouring substances of the coffee bean during its transit through the filter. The
15 beverage slowly gets through the filter by gravity and is then collected by a
beverage container underneath the filter. The brewing process in this type of
beverage maker is slow and generally uncontrollable by the user once the brewing
substances and the filter have been selected.

The Mocha-type coffee maker is another common known example of
20 beverage makers in which boiling water is forced through a perforated brewing
compartment and carrying with it the flavour drawn from the beverage making
substances. Although this type of active brewing is faster, the brewing process is

substantially uncontrollable by the user. Therefore, conventional beverage brewing apparatus are not suitable for applications in which good control of the brewing process is essential, desirable or preferable.

Hence, it will be desirable if there can be provided beverage making
5 apparatus in which the brewing processes can be controlled or substantially controllable by a user. It is further desirable if such beverage making apparatus are simple to use and non-expensive.

OBJECT OF THE INVENTION

Therefore, it is an object of the present invention to provide beverage
10 making apparatus with substantially user controllable brewing processes. At a minimum, it is an object of the present invention to provide the public with a useful choice of beverage brewing apparatus.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to the present invention, there is provided a beverage making
15 apparatus including a fluid compartment, a beverage compartment, beverage processing means, heating means and user controllable heating power control means, said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment being communicable via said beverage processing means, said heating means being adapted for heating fluid inside said fluid compartment so that, when in use, steam
20 generated in said fluid compartment will force fluid to move from said fluid compartment to said beverage compartment via said beverage processing means, characterised in that, the flavour of beverages made by said apparatus being controllable by varying the rate of steam production in said fluid compartment

through varying the heating power output of said heating means via said user controllable heating power control means on said apparatus.

According to a preferred embodiment, there is provide an apparatus for making beverages including:-

- 5 • a main container including a top portion, a bottom portion and a peripheral wall interconnecting said top and bottom portions;
- a beverage processing module including a receptacle for receiving beverage making substances, partitioning means separating said main container into a fluid compartment and a beverage compartment, a first
10 fluid guiding means for guiding fluid to move from said first fluid movement to said receptacle, a second fluid guiding means for guiding fluid to move from said receptacle to said beverage compartment, said fluid compartment being defined between said partitioning means and said bottom portion of said main container, said beverage compartment
15 being defined between said partitioning means and said top portion of said main container, said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment being generally not communicable except through said receptacle, and said partitioning means being slidably movable inside said main container and along said peripheral wall, and
- 20 • Electrical heating means for heating said fluid compartment.

Preferably, said apparatus including a base on which said fluid compartment is supported, said electrical heating means being a variable power output electrical heating means, wherein the rate of steam production in said fluid

compartment being controllable by varying the power output of said heating means.

Preferably, when in use, said fluid compartment being heated by said heating means in said supporting base to generate steam for moving fluid from
5 said fluid compartment to said beverage compartment.

Preferably, said beverage making apparatus including a control panel supported on said base, said control panel including a power output controlling and indicating means.

Preferably, said heating means including electrical heating elements
10 disposed underneath said fluid compartment, the heating power output and the consequential rate of steam generation being variable by said control means, said control means and said heating means being disposed on a housing which is detachably connectable with either said fluid compartment or said beverage compartment.

15 Preferably, said beverage compartment being detachably connectible to said fluid compartment so that, when in use, said beverage processing means being sandwiched between said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment.

Preferably, the junctions between said beverage processing means and
20 said fluid compartment being substantially air-tight.

Preferably, said beverage processing means including an overflow means through which fluid from said fluid compartment enters said beverage compartment through.

Preferably, said overflow means including a fluid discharge outlet which is elevated above the bottom portion of said beverage compartment.

Preferably, said apparatus including a container having a top portion, a bottom portion, and a peripheral wall interconnecting said top and bottom portions, said beverage processing means being a modular sub-assembly which is slidably
5 movable along said peripheral wall, said beverage processing means including sealing means for partitioning said container into said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment, said beverage compartment being proximal to said top portion of said container.

10 Preferably, said apparatus further including means for restricting movements of said beverage processing means within said container.

Preferably, said modular beverage processing means including a hollow compartment intermediate of said top and bottom portions of said container for receiving beverage making substances, said modular beverage processing means
15 further including partitioning means for separating said container into said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment, said partitioning means including a fluid blocking member extending between said hollow compartment and said peripheral wall of said container, said beverage compartment being defined between said fluid blocking member and said top portion of said container, said
20 fluid compartment being defined between said blocking member and said bottom portion of said container.

Preferably, a sealing member is disposed between the outer end of said blocking member and the inside of said peripheral wall of said container.

Preferably, said sealing member including an O-ring.

Preferably, said beverage processing means being restrained within said container by a lid which covers the top portion of said container.

Preferably, said first fluid guiding means including a tubular member extending from said receptacle towards said bottom portion of said main container, said tubular member including at least a fluid inlet aperture, said second fluid guiding means including a tubular member extending from said receptacle towards said top portion of said main container, said tubular member including a fluid outlet aperture disposed at level elevated above said receptacle.

Preferably, said receptacle including means for retaining said beverage making substances within said receptacle.

Preferably, said means for retaining said beverage making substances including means for blocking solid granules such as a grille, a screen, a fitter, a mesh or the like.

Preferably, said apparatus including a base on which the bottom portion of said main container is supported and inside which electric heating means is installed.

Preferably, said apparatus including power controlling means for varying the heating power generated by said heating means.

Preferably, said apparatus being made of microwave compatible material so that the fluid in said container can be heated by a microwave oven.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Preferred embodiments of beverage brewing or making apparatus of the present invention will be explained in further detail below by way of examples and with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:-

Fig. 1 shows an exploded view of a first preferred embodiment of the
5 present invention of a beverage brewing apparatus,

Fig. 2A and 2B respectively show front and side views of the beverage maker of Fig. 1 in assembled form,

Fig. 3 shows a cross-sectional view of the beverage maker of Fig. 2, the section being taken longitudinally through the middle of Fig. 2 when viewed from
10 the right side,

Fig. 4 is a side view of a second embodiment of a beverage maker of the present invention,

Fig. 5 is a longitudinally cross-sectional view of the beverage maker of Fig. 4, the section being taken through the middle of the beverage maker and
15 intersecting with the spout and handle portion,

Fig. 6 is an exploded view of the beverage maker of Fig. 4,

Fig. 7 shows various views of the sub-assembly, including the top view, a side view, the front view and the longitudinal cross-sectional view of the beverage processing means taken along the same section as Fig. 5,

20 Fig. 8 shows a perspective view of a preferred example of the beverage processing sub-assembly of the present invention, and,

Fig. 9 is an exposed view showing a combination of the sub-assembly of Fig. 8 with a main container similar to that of a conventional press type beverage maker.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

5 Referring to Figs. 1 to 3, there is shown a first preferred embodiment of a beverage making apparatus ("beverage maker" for succinctness) of the present invention.

The beverage maker 10 includes a first fluid vessel 20, a heating compartment 30 and a beverage container 40. The first fluid vessel 20 includes a
10 fluid compartment 21 for receiving water or other appropriate fluid for making beverages. The fluid compartment 21 includes a top portion 22 with an aperture 23, a bottom portion 24 and a peripheral wall 25 which interconnects the top and the bottom portions. The peripheral wall 25 defines the space of the fluid compartment 21. The beverage maker 10 is supported on an insulated base 26.

15 The fluid compartment 21 can be formed from metal, glass or hard plastics. To ensure good thermal conductivity between the heating elements in the base the fluid compartment 21, the bottom portion 24 of the fluid compartment 21 is made of metal or other thermally conductive material. Of course, the fluid compartment 21 including its bottom portion 24 can be made of glass or other
20 heat resistant and transparent materials for better eye appeal. Naturally, the first fluid vessel 20 can be made from a combination of metal and non-metal.

The top portion 22 of the fluid compartment 21 includes a radially or transversally extending shoulder portion 27 with an aperture 23 surrounded by the shoulder portion 27. The inside edge of the aperture is provided with screw

threads for threaded engagement with a corresponding flange or threads on the outer edge of the beverage processing means to be explained below.

Fastening means, such as stud-and-slot arrangements, are provided on the top or upper most edge of the first fluid vessel **20** for detachable engagement with the corresponding beverage container **40**. The fluid compartment **21** is mounted on the heating compartment **30** inside which electrical heating elements **31** for heating the fluid inside the fluid compartment **21** are installed. The heating elements **31** are elevated above the bottom of the supporting base **26** to avoid overheating of the supporting surface.

A control panel **32** with a layout of control means for user control of the brewing operation is provided on the front of the beverage maker **10**. The control means includes heating power control means **34** which are provided for controlling and varying the thermal power generated by the electrical heating means **31** for enhanced controllability of the brewing process. By selecting an appropriate brewing power level or brewing power sequence, a user can control or activate the preferred brewing process.

The heating power control means include "on/off" **33**, "up" **34a**, "down" **34b**, and three power level selection buttons **35a-c** corresponding to "Hi", "Lo" or "Medium" heating power levels are provided. For example, a person preferring beverages with a strong flavour may choose a slow brewing process by selecting "Lo" power while persons preferring a weaker copy may choose the fast brewing process by selecting the "Hi" power option. The "up" **34a** and "down" **34b** buttons provide means to fine tune to or gradually vary the heating power from the selected power level. Of course, analogue power control means such as a power

varying dial or a control knob with multiple power level selection or graduation can be provided to vary the heating power.

The heating element **31** can be, for example, a heater assembly comprising a group of independently controllable coil heaters which are mounted proximal to the bottom portion of the fluid compartment **21** for optimal heat transfer. In the present embodiment, the heating compartment **30** is fastened to the first fluid vessel **20**. Of course, the heating compartment **30** and the first fluid vessel **20** can also be detachable from each other for easy cleaning or maintenance.

The beverage container **40** includes a beverage compartment **41** with a top portion **42**, a bottom portion **43** and a peripheral wall **44** interconnecting the top and bottom portions. The bottom portion **43** includes an aperture **45** which is surrounded by an overflow means **46**. This overflow means **46** includes an elevated overflow outlet **46a** and an upwardly extending tubular member **46b** which surrounds the aperture **45**. The tubular member **46b** (or the second fluid guiding means) provides a guide for the flow of beverage from the beverage processing means below to the beverage container **40** in a manner to be explained below. The overflow means with the elevated overflow outlet ensures that the beverage inside the beverage container **40** will not flow back to the fluid compartment during normal use.

A hinged lid **47** is also provided to cover the beverage compartment **41** to avoid splashing of the beverage from the beverage container during brewing. A spout **48** is provided on the upper part of the peripheral wall **44** so that the beverage can be dispensed smoothly. The peripheral wall **44** of the beverage container can be made of metal, glass, plastic or other heat resistant materials,

although a transparent heat resistant material may be more aesthetically pleasing and can indicate the level and the conditions of the beverage already brewed. Similarly, the bottom portion of the beverage container 40 can be made of metal or other heat resistant hard plastics.

5 In this example, the overflow means 46 is integrally formed with the bottom portion of the beverage container. Of course, the overflow means can also be detachable from the beverage container, for example, by snap- or -screw fitting. Of course, sealing means can be used to improve fluid tightness. A handle is also formed on the beverage container 40 so that it can be easily removed for
10 beverage dispensing.

 The beverage processing means includes a brewing compartment 51 for receiving beverage making substances such as ground coffee beans, tea leaves, herbal leaves, insoluble granules with flavour and other similar substances. This brewing compartment 51 includes a cylindrical wall 52 with a fluid inlet and a fluid
15 or beverage outlet. To retain the brewing substances inside the compartment, a perforated filtering means 53 is provided at the fluid inlet to prevent insoluble substances from entering the fluid compartment 21 through the first fluid guiding means 60. This perforated filter 53 can, for example, be a meshed element, a perforated plate, a grille or a wire screen or other appropriate filtering means or
20 elements which allow passage of fluid but prevents through passage of particles or granules exceeding a certain average size. A locking or support member 54 is provided to fasten the filter means in position.

 To prevent brewing substances from entering the beverage container 40, a particle blocking means 55 is installed adjacent to or immediately before the fluid
25 outlet of the beverage substances receiving compartment 51. This particle

blocking means 55 can be similar to the filter 53 at the fluid inlet and performs similar functions. The particle blocking member 55 is retained in the space between the beverage container 40 and the first fluid vessel 20 when they are fastened together. A sealing member 56 is provided between the particle blocking member 55 and the first fluid container 20 for appropriate sealing between the beverage processing means and the beverage container. The beverage substances receiving compartment 51 is received inside a first fluid guiding means 60. The first fluid guiding means includes a funnel-shaped member having a compartment 61 shaped for receiving the cylindrical member 52 of the beverage substances receiving compartment 51. The compartment 51 is surrounded and enclosed by a peripheral wall 63. The bottom of the compartment 61 is connected to a tubular portion 62 which has a generally smaller dimension than the bottom of the compartment 61 and extends towards the bottom portion 24 of the fluid compartment 21. This funnel-shaped member 60 is provided with an external flange for screw fitting with the screw threads provided on the inside of the aperture 23 formed on the top portion 22 of the fluid compartment 21 for secure arrangement.

Turning now to the operation of the beverage maker of Figs. 1, 2 and 3. After beverage brewing substances, such as ground coffee beans, tea leaves, herbal leaves or the like, have been placed inside the brewing substances receiving compartment 52, the assembled beverage processing means is then secured to the water filled fluid compartment 21 which is then heated by the electrical heating means. Since water is filled to above the lower inlet of the tubular portion 62, the steam generated by the electric heating means cannot escape.

When the fluid compartments 21 has been sufficiently heated, the steam vapour pressure inside the fluid compartment 21 will force the hot water to move into the brewing substances receiving compartment 51 via its lower inlet and to interact with the beverage making substances inside the beverage receiving compartment 51. This interaction between the upwardly moving water and the beverage brewing substances allows the water or other appropriate fluid to draw flavour from the beverage brewing substances and produces a flavoured beverage. Continuous heating of the fluid compartment will cause the flavoured beverage to move further upwards towards the tubular member 46a of the second fluid guiding means 45. The flavoured or brewed beverage will then move on to the beverage compartment 41 through the elevated aperture of the overflow means 46. The elevated overflow aperture prevents reverse flow of the beverage back to the fluid compartment 21. A safety valve 28 is provided on the fluid compartment to release excessive steam pressure during operation.

As the vapour pressure inside the fluid compartment is generally dependent on the rate of steam production inside that compartment, a user can by varying the heating power control the speed of passage of the water through the beverage brewing substances receiving compartment to control the transit time. Consequently, a user can control the brewing process to produce beverages according to his preference. As the heating power of this brewing apparatus is controllable and the variation is generally repeatable according to the power knobs or graduation provided for power indication, user can repeat the brewing process with reasonable certainty and ease without having too much concern about the variation or fluctuation of the heating power.

Referring to Figs. 4 to 9, there is shown a second preferred embodiment of a beverage making apparatus **100** comprising a main container and a modular beverage processing means. The main container includes a top portion **110**, a bottom portion **120** and a substantially cylindrical peripheral wall **130**. The peripheral wall is made of a heat resistant and transparent material, such as glass, so that a user can monitor the brewing process and react when necessary. Of course, the main container can also be made of metal or heat resistant plastics.

The main container is supported on a base support **140** which includes a base compartment **141** inside which electrical heating elements **142**, power control means and other useful means are placed. A light-emitting indicator **143** is provided on the base support **140** for indicating the operating states of the brewing apparatus **100**. Of course, other additional displays such as time, temperature and power level can be provided in addition. A hinged lid **150** and a handle **151** are formed on the main container.

In this preferred embodiment, the beverage container and the beverage processing means are formed as a module **200**. The beverage container **160** includes a cylindrical housing **161** with a circumferential sealing member **162** so that it can be closely fitted within the housing **130** of the main container. The circumferential sealing member **162** includes a sealing projection, such as an O-ring, which partitions the housing **130** into a lower part and an upper part such that steam inside the lower part enter the upper part through the circumferential sealing member **162**.

The beverage container **160** also includes an overflow means **170** (or second fluid guiding means) and retention means **180**. The overflow means is similar to that described in the first preferred embodiment above and protrudes

from the bottom portion **163**. The retention means **180** includes a handle or hook which protrudes from the top edge of the main container. This retention means is adapted so that the beverage container is kept in place during brewing. In this example, the hook member **180** is retained in position with respect to the main
5 container by a latch when the hinged lid is closed.

Referring to Figs. 5 to 7, the beverage container **160** includes a funnel-shaped member **190** having a substantially cylindrical housing **191**, a shouldered portion **192** and a narrower stem member **193**. The funnel member **190** is attached to the bottom portion **163** of the beverage container **160** by, for example,
10 screw threads. This narrower stem member **193** is equivalent or corresponds to the second fluid guiding means of the first preferred embodiment.

A compartment for receiving the beverage brewing substances is formed by the circumferential wall of the cylindrical housing **191**. Likewise, filtering and blocking means are respectively provided at the fluid inlet and outlet of the
15 brewing substances receiving compartment. To enhance safety, a pressure releasing valve **195** is also provided at the bottom portion of the beverage container.

In use, after beverage making substances have been placed inside the beverage substances receiving compartment (defined by the circumferential wall
20 **191**) with the filter and blocking member put in place, the module is secured to the underside **163** of the beverage container **160**. The module or sub-assembly, comprising the beverage container and beverage processing means, is then inserted into the main housing which has already been filled with water or other appropriate fluid.

Because of the close fitting between the sealing members 160 and the main container, when the fluid inside the lower portion 210 of the main container is heated, vapour pressure built up inside the fluid compartment 210 will force water to move up the funnel-shaped member 190 and then to the beverage container 160. During transit of the hot water through the beverage processing means, the water will draw flavour from the beverage making substances before entering the beverage container. Similarly, by varying the electrical heating power supplied to the electrical heating elements, the beverage making process can be better controlled and adjusted according to personal preferences.

It will be noted that the beverage container, the beverage processing means, the beverage processing means, the overflow means and the fluid guiding means are formed as a sub-assembly 200 and can be inserted into or removed from the main container as a single unit, thereby providing additional flexibility and convenience to users. Because of this modular design, a conventional French Press device can be easily converted into a device of the present invention and vice versa. Hence, and in another perspective, a common housing can be shared between a water boiler, a French Press and a beverage making apparatus of the present invention. Accordingly, consumers can mix and match the brewing modules with the main containers according to their preference and as and when desired.

While this module includes the beverage container, it will be appreciated that a similar module comprising the beverage processing means, the sealing means (or partitioning means), the overflow means, the fluid guiding means but without the beverage container can be made. With this arrangement, the upper portion of the main housing will become the beverage container and beverages

can be dispensed from the beverage compartment above the sealing or partitioning member.

In a further embodiment of the present invention, the beverage making apparatus as shown in Figs. 4 to 7 can be modified for compatibility with a microwave oven. In this case, the heating elements are no longer necessary and the apparatus can be made of a microwave permeable or compatible material. More specifically, the beverage processing sub-assembly can be made of a microwave compatible material so that it can be used with the main container of a French Press for microwave oven brewing of beverages.

While the present invention has been explained by reference to the preferred embodiments described above, it will be appreciated that the embodiments are only examples provided to illustrate the present invention and are not meant to be restrictive on the scope and spirit of the present invention. This invention should be determined from the general principles and spirit of the invention as described above. In particular, variations or modifications which are obvious or trivial to persons skilled in the art, as well as improvements made on the basis of the present invention, should be considered as falling within the scope and boundary of the present invention. Furthermore, while the present invention has been explained by reference to certain type of beverage, it should be appreciated that the invention can apply, whether with or without modification, to other beverages or beverage brewing substances application.

CLAIMS

1. A beverage making apparatus including a fluid compartment, a beverage compartment, beverage processing means, heating means and user controllable heating power control means, said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment being communicable via said beverage processing means, said heating means being adapted for heating fluid inside said fluid compartment so that, when in use, steam generated in said fluid compartment will force fluid to move from said fluid compartment to said beverage compartment via said beverage processing means, characterised in that, the flavour of beverages made by said apparatus being controllable by varying the rate of steam production in said fluid compartment through varying the heating power output of said heating means via said user controllable heating power control means on said apparatus.
2. A beverage making apparatus according to claim 1 and including a base on which said fluid compartment is supported, said electrical heating means being a variable power output electrical heating means, wherein the rate of steam production in said fluid compartment being controllable by varying the power output of said heating means.
3. A beverage making apparatus according to claim 2, wherein, when in use, said fluid compartment being heated by said heating means in said supporting base to generate steam for moving fluid from said fluid compartment to said beverage compartment.

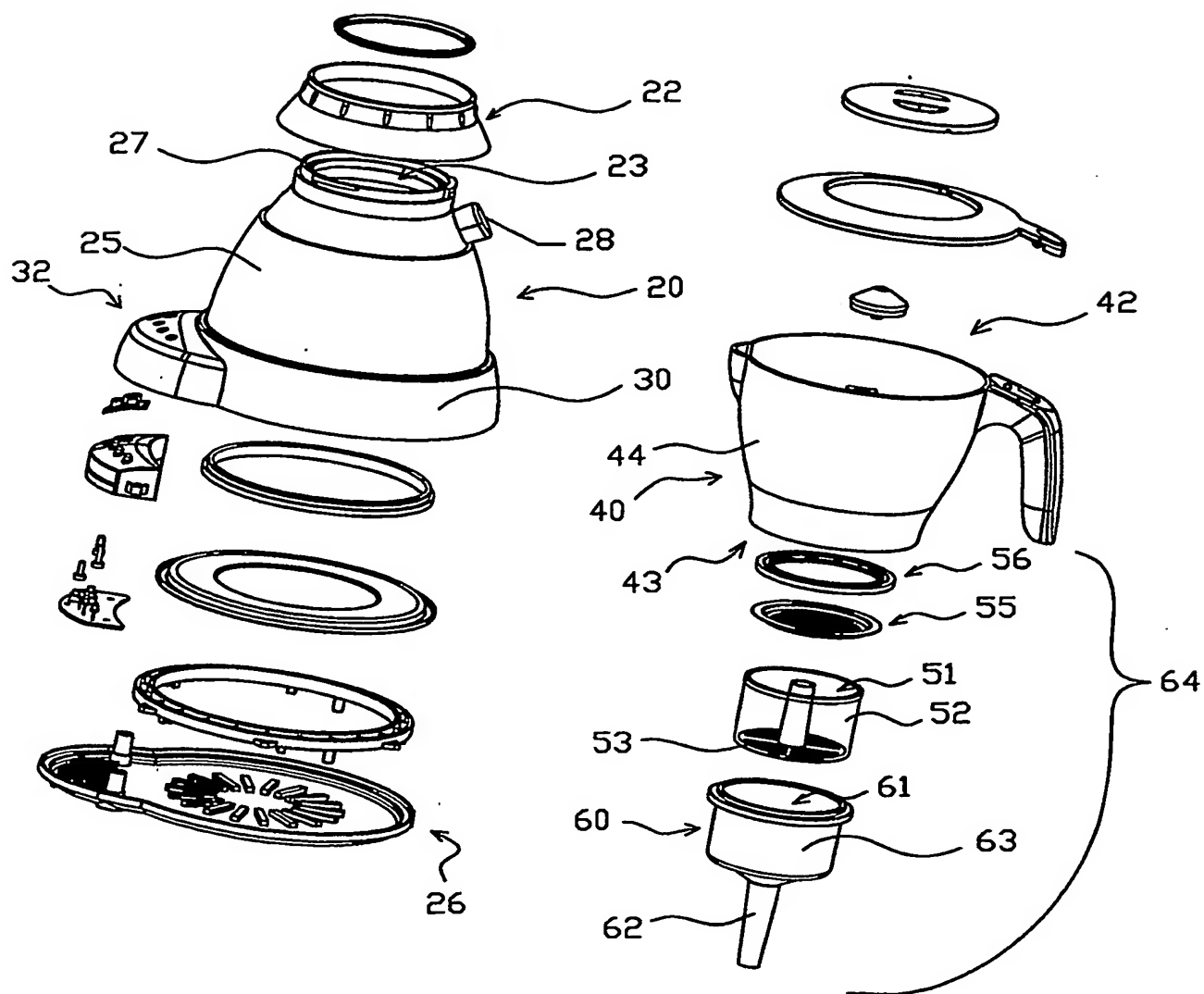
4. A beverage making apparatus according to claim 2, wherein said beverage making apparatus including a control panel supported on said base, said control panel including a power output controlling and indicating means.
5. An apparatus of claim 1, wherein said heating means including electrical heating elements disposed underneath said fluid compartment, the heating power output and the consequential rate of steam generation being variable by said control means, said control means and said heating means being disposed on a housing which is detachably connectable with either said fluid compartment or said beverage compartment.
- 10 6. An apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said beverage compartment being detachably connectible to said fluid compartment so that, when in use, said beverage processing means being sandwiched between said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment.
- 15 7. An apparatus according to claim 6, wherein the junctions between said beverage processing means and said fluid compartment being substantially air-tight.
8. An apparatus according to claim 6, wherein said beverage processing means including an overflow means through which fluid from said fluid compartment enters said beverage compartment through.
- 20 9. An apparatus according to claim 6, wherein said overflow means including a fluid discharge outlet which is elevated above the bottom portion of said beverage compartment.

10. An apparatus according to claim 1 and including a container having a top portion, a bottom portion, and a peripheral wall interconnecting said top and bottom portions, said beverage processing means being a modular sub-assembly which is slidably movable along said peripheral wall, said
5 beverage processing means including sealing means for partitioning said container into said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment, said beverage compartment being proximal to said top portion of said container.
11. An apparatus according to claim 10, wherein said apparatus further including means for restricting movements of said beverage processing
10 means within said container.
12. An apparatus according to claim 10 wherein said modular beverage processing means including a hollow compartment intermediate of said top and bottom portions of said container for receiving beverage making substances, said modular beverage processing means further including
15 partitioning means for separating said container into said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment, said partitioning means including a fluid blocking member extending between said hollow compartment and said peripheral wall of said container, said beverage compartment being defined between said fluid blocking member and said top portion of said container,
20 said fluid compartment being defined between said blocking member and said bottom portion of said container.
13. An apparatus according to claim 12, wherein a sealing member is disposed between the outer end of said blocking member and the inside of said peripheral wall of said container.

14. An apparatus according to claim 13, wherein said sealing member including an O-ring.
15. An apparatus according to claim 13, wherein said beverage processing means being restrained within said container by a lid which covers the top portion of said container.
- 5 16. An apparatus for making beverages including:-
- a main container including a top portion, a bottom portion and a peripheral wall interconnecting said top and bottom portions;
 - a beverage processing module including a receptacle for receiving beverage making substances, partitioning means separating said main container into a fluid compartment and a beverage compartment, a first fluid guiding means for guiding fluid to move from said first fluid movement to said receptacle, a second fluid guiding means for guiding fluid to move from said receptacle to said beverage compartment, said fluid compartment being defined between said partitioning means and said bottom portion of said main container, said beverage compartment being defined between said partitioning means and said top portion of said main container, said fluid compartment and said beverage compartment being generally not communicable except through said receptacle, and said partitioning means being slidably movable inside said main container and along said peripheral wall, and
 - Electrical heating means for heating said fluid compartment.
- 10
- 15
- 20

17. An apparatus according to claim 16, wherein said first fluid guiding means including a tubular member extending from said receptacle towards said bottom portion of said main container, said tubular member including at least a fluid inlet aperture, said second fluid guiding means including a tubular member extending from said receptacle towards said top portion of said main container, said tubular member including a fluid outlet aperture disposed at level elevated above said receptacle.
18. An apparatus according to claim 17, wherein said receptacle including means for retaining said beverage making substances within said receptacle.
19. An apparatus according to claim 18, wherein said means for retaining said beverage making substances including means for blocking solid granules such as a grille, a screen, a fitter, a mesh or the like.
20. An apparatus according to claims 16, further including a base on which the bottom portion of said main container is supported and inside which electric heating means is installed.
21. An apparatus according to claim 16, further including power controlling means for varying the heating power generated by said heating means.
22. An apparatus according to claims 16, wherein said apparatus being made of microwave compatible material so that the fluid in said container can be heated by a microwave oven.

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Fig. 1

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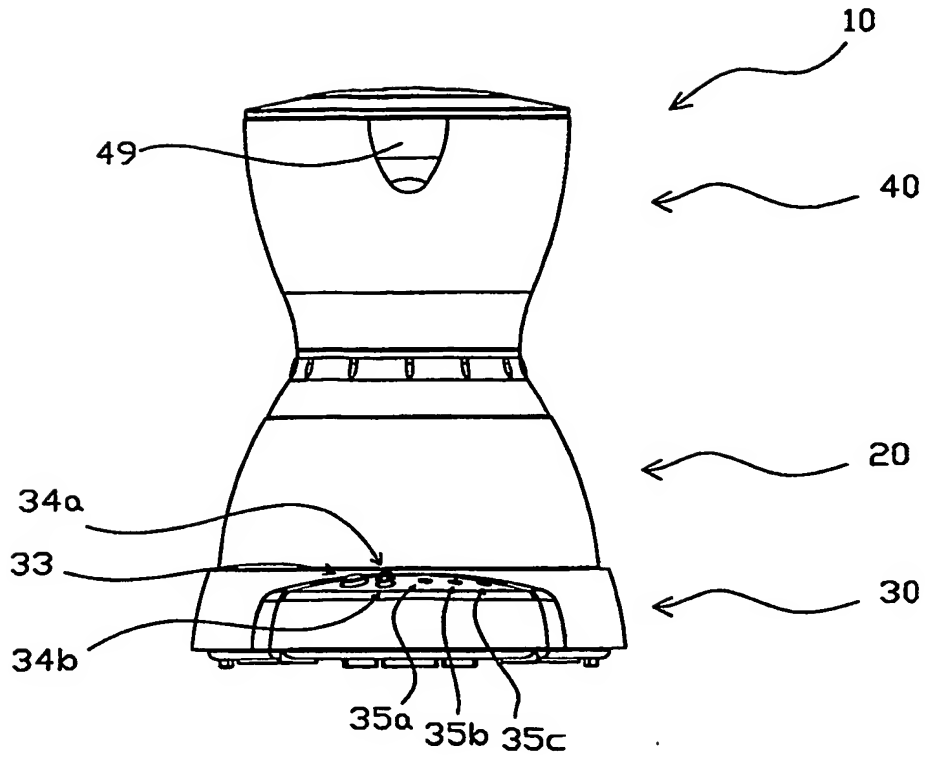


Fig. 2A

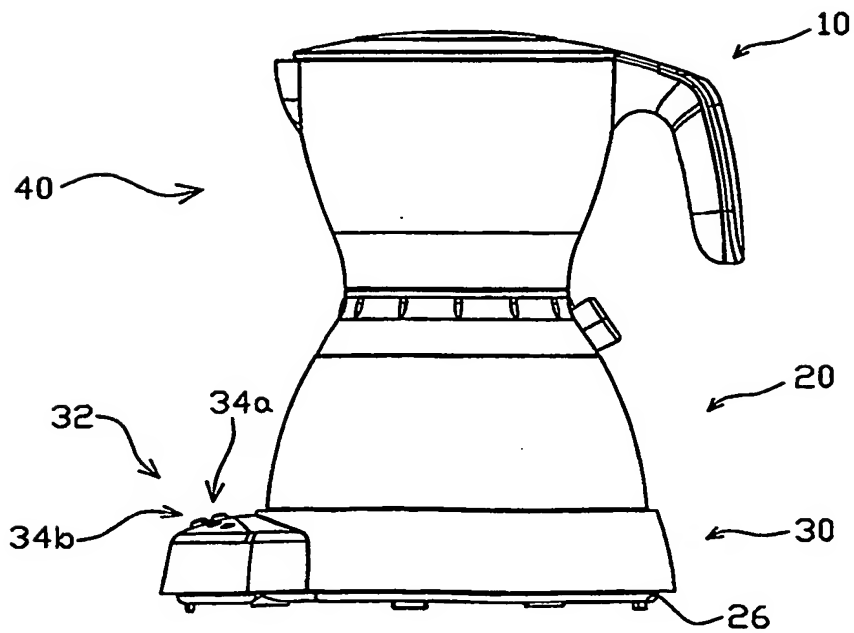


Fig. 2B

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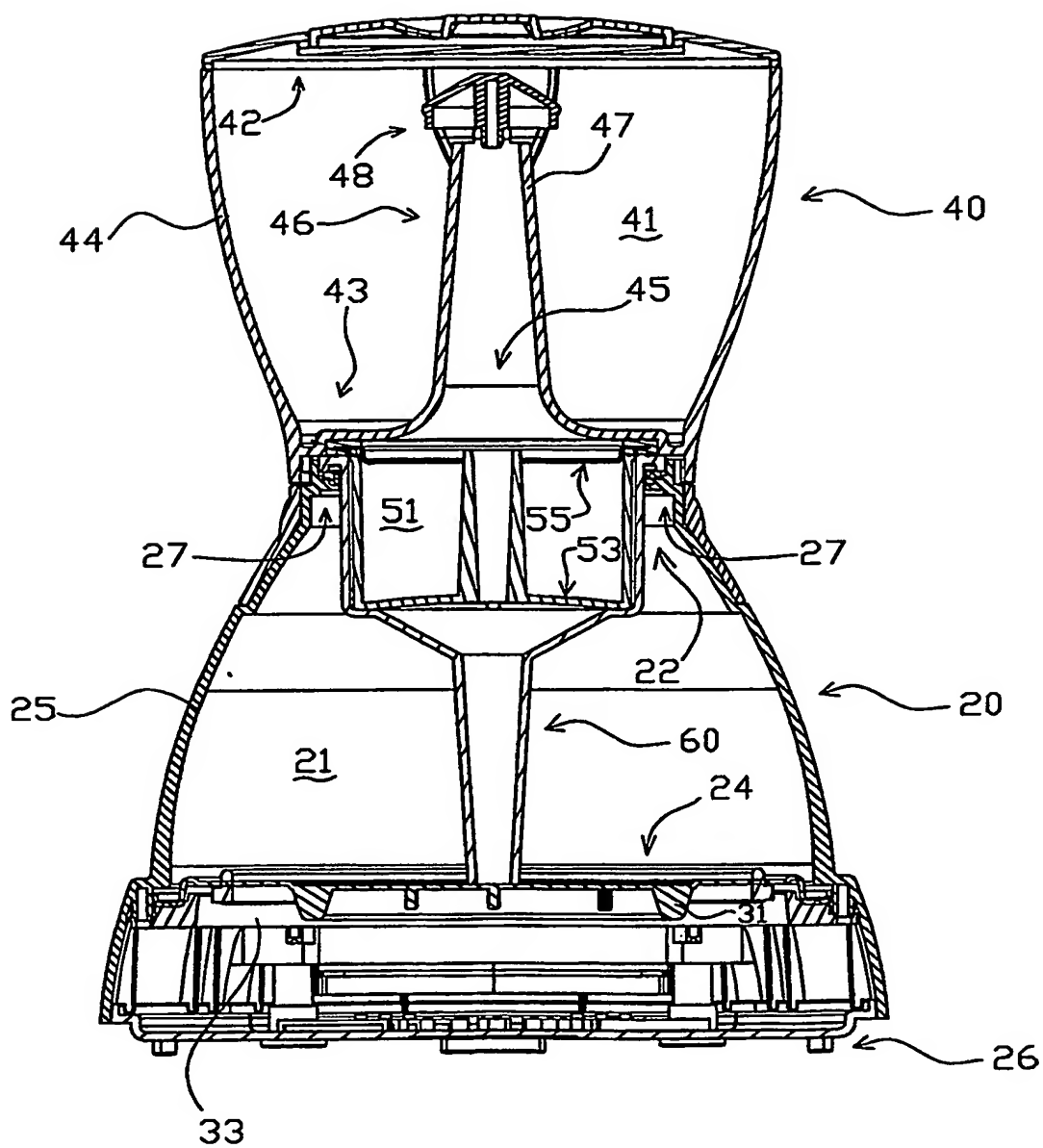


Fig. 3

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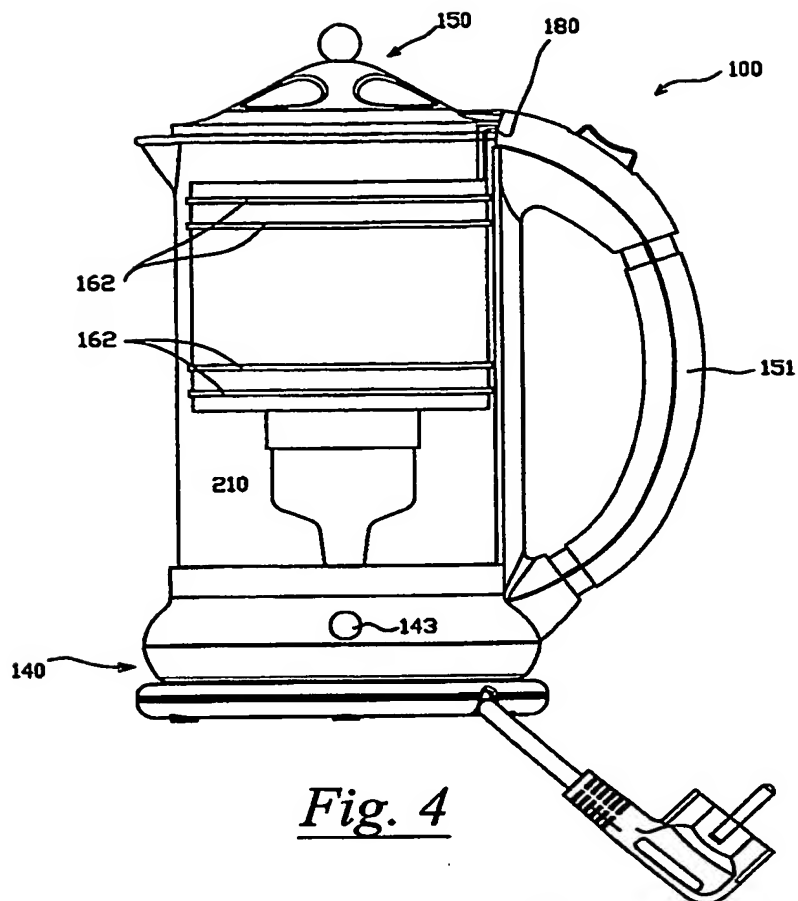


Fig. 4

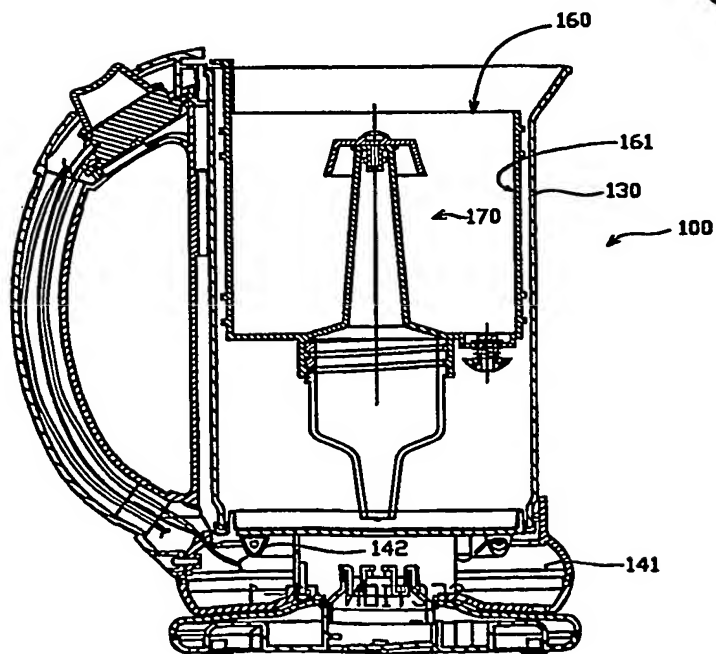


Fig. 5

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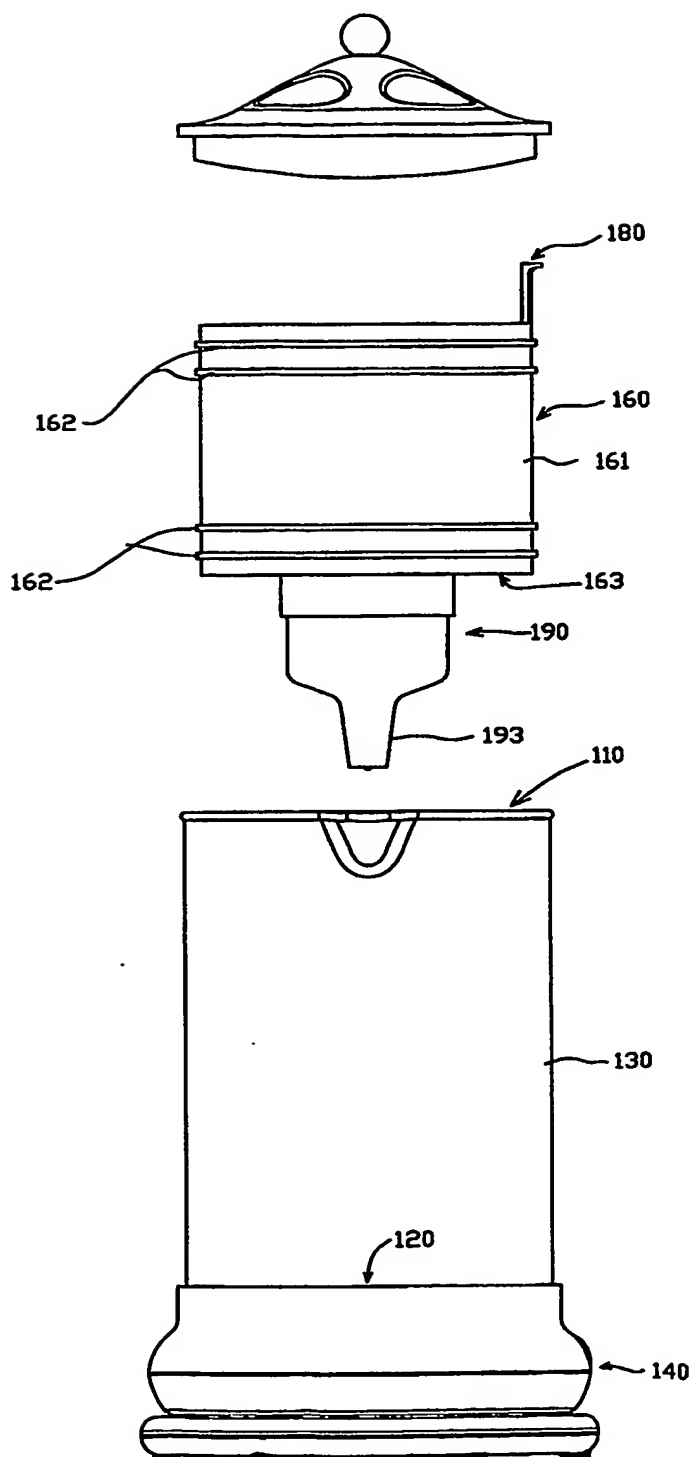
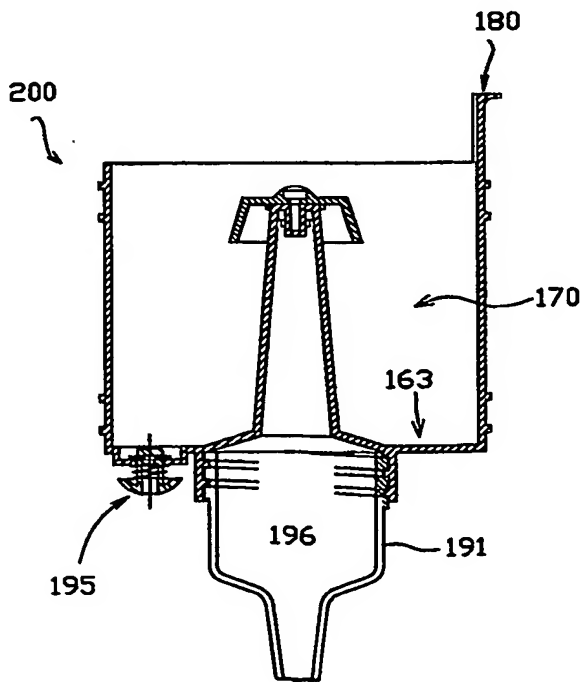
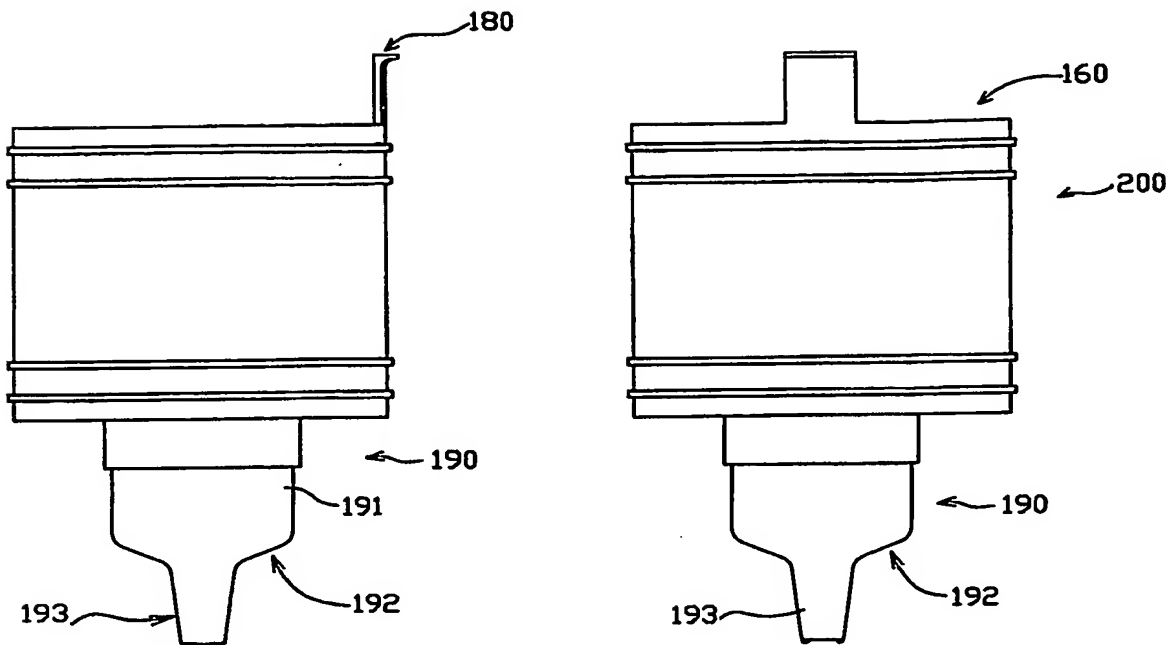


Fig. 6

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SECTION 1-1

Fig. 7

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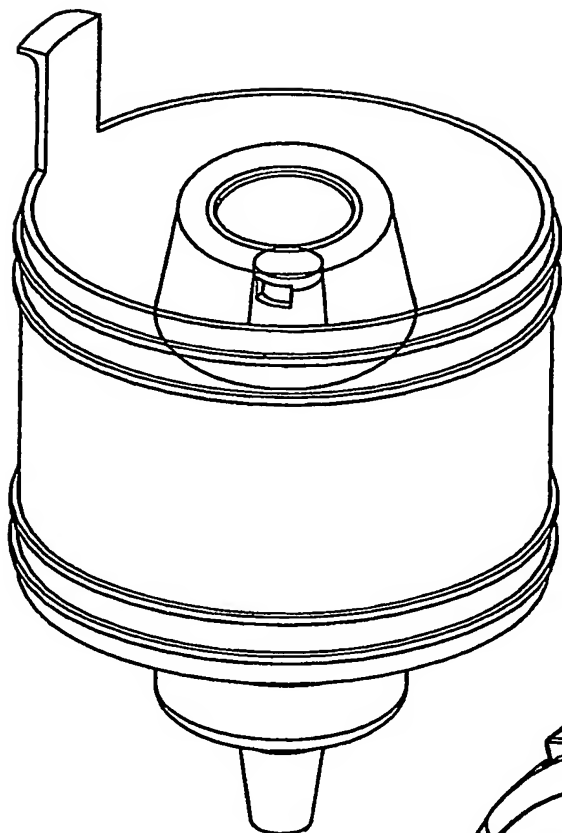


Fig. 8

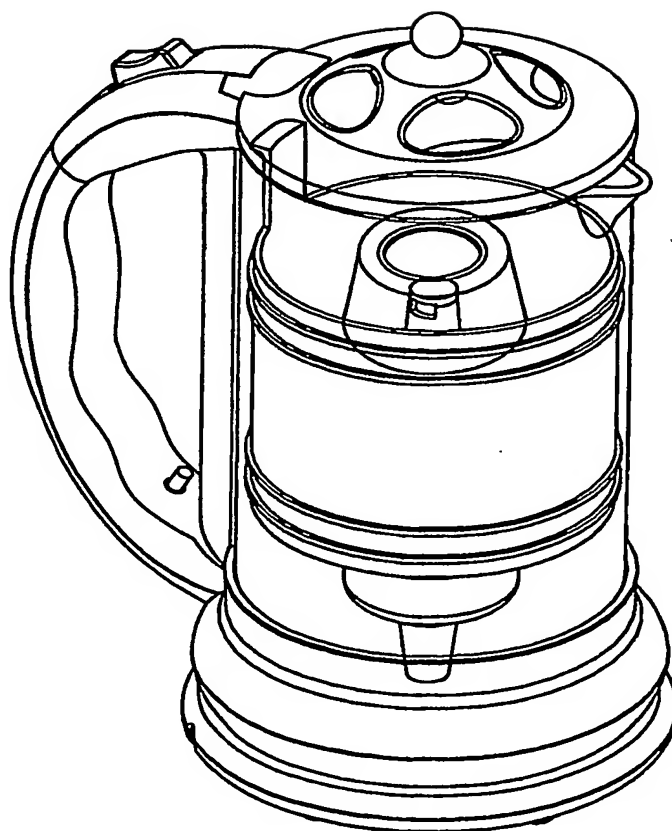


Fig. 9

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

PCT/IB 03/02443

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 A47J31/30

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 A47J

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the International search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, PAJ, WPI Data

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	DE 199 14 651 A (VOLZ ABC ELEKTROGERAETE) 12 October 2000 (2000-10-12) column 1, line 3 -column 2, line 16; figure 1	1-10
Y	---	11-23
Y	BE 635 160 A (BLAS ARTIGA) 18 November 1963 (1963-11-18) page 3, line 23 -page 7, line 20; figures 1,4,9-12	11-23
A	---	
	US 6 026 733 A (FARHADIEH ROU ET AL) 22 February 2000 (2000-02-22) column 1, line 16 - line 19; figure 1 -----	23

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

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O document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

P document published prior to the International filing date but later than the priority date claimed

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X document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

Y document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

Z document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the International search

24 October 2003

Date of mailing of the International search report

31/10/2003

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

PCT/IB 03/02443

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